

PAYNE AT HIS DESK; STILL AS AN OYSTER

Postmaster General "Can-
not Tell."

MUCH IMPROVED IN HEALTH

Robb's Appointments as Assistant At-
torney General in Department of
Justice Complicates Matters.

Postmaster General Payne was at his desk at the Postoffice Department yesterday morning for the first time in many weeks. He did not stay long, going to the White House to see the President open the St. Louis Exposition. In response to inquiries concerning the state of his health and the effects of his sea trip, Mr. Payne replied that he was feeling much improved, and was confident that his holiday had done him a world of good.

He would have nothing to say about departmental affairs, and when asked if there was anything new, replied: "I think not, but I cannot tell yet. So far, I have not got through the crust."

Will Not Talk.

Mr. Payne declined to discuss the renewal or the winding up of the investigation of the department, but it is understood that the investigation will go along under the direction of Messrs. Conrad and Bonaparte, advised and assisted by Assistant Attorney General Robb.

Mr. Robb has been appointed Assistant Attorney General of the Department of Justice, and will vacate his present position in the Postoffice Department as soon as his successor has been appointed. The plan is to have Mr. Robb continue in touch with the situation after his change to the Department of Justice, because his knowledge of postal affairs will be of great value to those working on the investigation.

Old Investigation to Continue.

The probabilities are that there will be no radical changes in the manner in which the investigations are being conducted, but there are a number of things about the department that do not please those interested in clearing it out, and a thorough investigation will be made. The dead letter office has been under investigation for nearly two months, and the report the inspectors will make upon it will, it is said, contain very interesting matter.

The city postoffice and the New York postoffice are both under investigation, and until the reports upon them are received neither Mr. Merritt nor Mr. Van Cott will be reappointed.

WHERE IS HARP THAT RANG IN TARA'S HALLS?

State Department Seeking Answer to
the Question—Wanted at St.
Louis Exposition.

What particular harp was it that rang so beautifully through Tara's halls? An answer to this question will be greatly appreciated by State Department officials.

The Jersey City branch of the United Irish League of America and other Irish organizations have asked through Senator Keam that the original Tara harp be exhibited at the St. Louis Exposition, and now the all important question is: What harp was it that rang so beautifully through Tara's halls?

John T. Coughlin, who is an authority on Irish history, is unable to give the desired information. The harp was a State Department and the President are anxious to oblige the organizations by assisting in bringing the famous musical instrument to this country if it can be found.

NEWS FROM BOYDS.

BOYDS, Md., April 30.—Catherine Welsh and David Higgins, of this county, were married at St. John's Church, at Forest Glen. The ceremony was officiated over by the Rev. Father Rosensteel.

The altar was decorated with pink carnations and Easter lilies. The bride was attractively gowned in white mull, trimmed with Valenciennes lace, and wore a white tulle and chiffon hat.

After the ceremony Mr. and Mrs. Higgins left for New York and Norfolk on their wedding tour.

An unexploded bomb was found at Frederick Junction near Washington Junction a few days ago by Charles Hieuck, a young farmer, while plowing his field. The shell, which measured seven inches in length and about two in diameter, it is thought, was fired or shot from a cannon in the battle of Monocacy in the civil war. The field in which it was found, played an important part in that battle.

Charles Elliott, inspector of switches and signals of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, is ill with heart trouble at his home at Washington Junction, west of Boyds. His condition is serious. Mr. Elliott is well known among railroad men.

The Montgomery county Woman's Christian Temperance Union will hold the annual camp meeting at Washington Grove this year, from June 24 to 30, inclusive. The arrangements are far more extensive than in previous years, it is said. Mrs. Louise Rounds, of New York city, a lecturer of the national Woman's Christian Temperance Union, will be present with other prominent temperance lecturers of this county. An article in a local paper a few weeks ago recited that Senator Jones of this county had said the defeat of the county treasurer bill for Montgomery county was due to the fact he could not accept the amendments of the house of delegates to the bill as it was presented by the house.

ment made it clear that the defeat of the treasurer bill for Montgomery county rested upon the four delegates, Walter A. Johnston, John W. Williams, Edmund L. Amis, and B. F. Lansdale. Delegate Johnston, in the "Sentinel" of this county, asserted the saving of the bill as amended in the house over Senator Jones' bill.

REPUBLIC OF CONANI SEEKING RECOGNITION

Adventurers in Territory Belonging Partly to Brazil, Partly
to French Guiana, Would Form State.

Conani, the mysterious South American republic which has existed on paper for more than 300 years, has again established an embassy in Paris, and is attempting, through M. Brezet, its so-called ambassador, to gain recognition. Panama's sudden leap into the colony of nations is supposed to have prompted Conani, or Conainy, as it is sometimes spelled, to try again for independence. After 300 years of uncertainty the pseudo republic was supposed to have been consigned to history when the Swiss tribunal settled the dispute between France and Brazil over the territory known as Conani by dividing it between the contesting powers.

But this country, which has always been the home of adventurers, could not end in such a prosaic manner, and again trying for independence. The State Department has not yet been advised of the attempt to create a new South American republic, but Paris is always the training ground for Latin-American revolutionists, and it is not strange that the ambitious republic has been brought to the attention of American representatives in South America, for it is located far from any of the great capitals.

Territorial Claims.

The new republic claims territory which is now part of Brazil, and is located along the coast north of the Orinoco River. Conani is bounded by the Orinoco River, the Amazon River, the Oyapok River, and the ocean, and has an area of about 150,000 square miles.

Vincent Pinson originally claimed this territory for France, and insisted it was part of French Guiana. Portugal also claimed it, and its claim was later sustained by Brazil. For three centuries the rich bit of country hung in the balance and was the breeding ground for monarchs and presidents whose courts were famous for their extravagance and their comic opera rulers. One claimant and then another assumed control of the territory.

Attempts to fix the boundary of French Guiana and settle the dispute between France and Brazil failed until 1866, when the two nations decided to submit their boundary dispute to the federal council of Switzerland. After four years of discussion this body gave 147,000 square miles of the disputed territory to Brazil and gave France 2,000 square miles. The decision sustained the claims Portugal supported before its claim in the disputed property passed to Brazil.

Settlement of Dispute.
The tribunal which settled the dispute announced that French Guiana's boundary should extend along the Oyapok River from its mouth to its source and should follow the watershed of the Tucumac Mountains from the head of the Oyapok River to the Dutch Guiana frontier. France had many wild claims, but generally insisted through three centuries that its territory extended south as far as the Araguay River.

M. Brezet, in addition to being Conani's ambassador to France, is also president of the republic. He is not unlike the famous Achilles, who established himself in Paris a few years ago and announced that he was President of a part of Patagonia, concerning the ownership of which there was dispute. Achilles wore the flowing robes of ancient Rome and established a court which was a novelty in a city so thoroughly given over to the modern as the French capital.

undoing Work Done for the
Union Depot.

ENGINEERS SEEM AT FAULT

Has Taken Three Weeks to Put Back
Earth Taken Out—Railway's
Delay.

Those who pass by the square bounded by First, M. Second, and N Streets, may witness the unusual spectacle of filling in excavations that have just been made. At this place the new coal dumps and yards of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company are to be located when the new Union Station is completed.

The work of making excavations for the location of the yards has been a big undertaking. Some weeks ago, however, when excavations of considerable depth had been made over an area approximating 20 feet square, men were put to work filling in the places that had been dug. For the past three weeks, therefore, the men employed on this square have been undoing the work they had done.

A Change in Plan.
The reason given for this change in the terminal improvements is that the railroad engineers decided on a change in grading at the eleventh hour. No reason for the new decision has as yet been announced.

The impression was at first abroad that the engineers had made a mistake of about three feet in estimating how deep the excavations ought to go. This, however, was denied yesterday. It cannot be denied, however, say those who are in a position to know about the work, that the railroad engineers are delaying an apparently unnecessarily long time in their improvements.

Dilatory Practices.
A few more "changes in grade," requiring three weeks to make the change by filling in what has just been dug up, will put the completion of the terminal work almost any distant date.

Although charges have been made that the District is unusually slow in its part of the improvement program, it seems that the railroad people are not much more prompt.

REIGN OF TERROR
NOW IN WARSAW

VIENNA, April 30.—Reports received here indicate that a veritable reign of terror exists at Warsaw.

Bands of roughs parade the streets at night and engage in pitched battles. The people are afraid to venture out, as their lives are endangered.

An average of five persons murdered and seventy others injured a week gives an idea of the frightful state of affairs.

The bands of roughs are becoming so bold that they even hold up street cars in broad daylight and rob the conductors.

EVERYTHING NOW READY
FOR TRIAL OF TYNER

District Attorney Beach has everything in readiness for the beginning of the trial of Gen. James N. Tyner and Harrison J. Barrett, for conspiracy in connection with the postoffice scandals, which will begin tomorrow morning in Criminal Court, No. 1, before Justice Pritchard. Besides Mr. Beach the Government will be represented by Special Counsel Holmes Conrad, Assistant District Attorney Hugh T. Taggart and Charles A. Kelgwin. The defendants will be represented by A. S. Worthington, of Washington, and Attorney Hershey, of Baltimore, Md.

It is expected the trial will occupy the time of the court for three weeks or longer.

BLOW FOR DEFENDING WOMAN.

WILMINGTON, Del., April 30.—A young woman, who was a paper girl, was passing early yesterday morning, Leon Mayne, a well-known character, and threw crackers at the girl. Leshem struck at Mayne, and the latter responded with a blow that put Leshem out. Then Leshem had Mayne arrested.

WILL LIMIT VISITS OF WAR VESSELS

Greater Secrecy Around
Naval Stations.

MUST FIRST GET PERMITS

General Board of Navy Takes Steps
to Guard Important Work
of Department.

Greater secrecy will surround United States naval stations, and additional restrictions will be thrown about the visits of foreign vessels to important stations in the future.

At the request of the general board of the navy, the State Department has advised foreign representatives of the United States of this change in policy, which is outlined in the following recommendation of the board, which has the approval of the Secretary of the Navy:

"The general board is of the opinion that with the exception of the below-named ports no restriction should be placed on the visits of foreign men-of-war or other public vessels either as to number or period of stay in ports within the United States or under their control. Neither should it be required that previous permission must be obtained.

List of the Ports.
"The general board is further of the opinion that before visiting any of the several named ports the foreign men-of-war or public vessels should be required to ask permission from the secretary of the navy through their respective ministers and the State Department: Tortugas, Fla.; Great Harbor, Culebra; the ports and anchorages of Alaska Islands, Aleutian Archipelago; Guantanamo, Cuba; Pearl Harbor, Hawaii; Guam; Subig Bay, Philippine Islands.

"It is, of course, understood that any foreign vessel before entering the actual limits of a navy yard in any port of the United States would first apply for permission."

THOUSANDS HAVE KIDNEY
TROUBLE AND DON'T KNOW IT

TO PROVE WHAT SWAMP-ROOT, THE GREAT KIDNEY
REMEDY, WILL DO FOR YOU, EVERY READER OF
THE TIMES MAY HAVE A SAMPLE BOTTLE SENT
FREE BY MAIL.



Weak and unhealthy kidneys are responsible for more sickness and suffering than any other disease, therefore, when through neglect or other causes, kidney trouble is permitted to continue, fatal results are sure to follow.

Your other organs may need attention—but your kidneys most, because they do most and need attention first.

If you are sick or "feel badly," begin taking Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver, and bladder remedy, because as soon as your kidneys begin to get better they will help all the other organs to health. A trial will convince anyone.

The mild and immediate effect of Swamp-Root, the great kidney and bladder remedy, is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. Swamp-Root will get your whole system right, and the best proof of this is a trial.

53 Cottage St., Melrose, Mass.,
January 11, 1904.

Dear Sir:
Ever since I was in the army I had more or less kidney trouble, and within the past year it became so severe and complicated that I suffered everything I could imagine. I saw an advertisement for Swamp-Root and wrote asking for advice. I began the use of the medicine and noted a decided improvement after taking Swamp-Root only a short time.

I continued its use and am thankful to say that I am entirely cured and strong. In order to be very sure about this, I had a doctor examine some of my water today, and he pronounced it all right and in splendid condition.

I know that your Swamp-Root is purely vegetable and does not contain any harmful drugs. Thanking you for my complete recovery and recommending Swamp-Root to all sufferers, I am, Very truly yours, I. C. RICHARDSON.

You may have a sample bottle of this famous kidney remedy, Swamp-Root, sent free by mail, postpaid, by which you may test its virtues for such disorders as kidney, bladder and uric acid diseases, poor digestion, being obliged to pass your water frequently night and day, smarting or irritation in passing, brickdust or sediment in the urine, headache, backache, lame back, dizziness, sleeplessness, nervousness, heart disturbance due to bad kidney trouble, skin eruptions from bad blood, neuralgia, rheumatism, diabetes, blotting, irritability, worn out feeling, lack of ambition, loss of flesh, sallow complexion, or Bright's disease.

If your water, when allowed to remain undisturbed in a glass or bottle for twenty-four hours, forms a sediment or settling, or has a cloudy appearance, it is evidence that your kidneys and bladder need immediate attention.

Swamp-Root is the great discovery of Dr. Kilmer, the eminent kidney and bladder specialist. Hospitals use it with wonderful success in both slight and severe cases. Doctors recommend it to their patients and use it in their own families, because they recognize in Swamp-Root the greatest and most successful remedy.

Swamp-Root is pleasant to take and is for sale at drug stores the world over in bottles of two sizes and two prices—fifty cents and one dollar. Remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.

EDITORIAL NOTE.—So successful is Swamp-Root in promptly curing even the most distressing cases of kidney, liver, or bladder troubles, that to prove its wonderful merits you may have a sample bottle and a book of valuable information, both sent absolutely free by mail. The book contains many of the thousands upon thousands of testimonial letters received from men and women cured. The value and success of Swamp-Root is so well known that our readers are advised to send for a sample bottle. In sending your address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., be sure to say you read this generous offer in The Washington Sunday Times. The proprietors of this paper guarantee the genuineness of this offer.

Harvard Waiters Want More Pay or Less Work

Lengthening of Hours of Service in Memorial Hall Threatens to Result in a Strike of Negro Servants.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., April 30.—The directors of Harvard's Memorial Hall are confronted with a labor problem.

Sixty out of the ninety-five colored waiters have presented a petition demanding shorter hours or more pay, and proposing a strike if their requests are not granted by tomorrow.

The trouble is the result of what the directors announced a day or two ago as a "temporary change" in the dinner hour, the hour being fixed at from 5 to 6 o'clock instead of 5.30 to 7, as usual. Complaints have been made lately of

the slow service, especially at dinner, and additional waiters have been urgently demanded. To avoid extra expense for waiters, the directors decided to serve dinner half an hour earlier in the hope of lessening the rush at the busiest time.

It was calculated to satisfy the student boarders, it came very far from satisfying the waiters, who had been grumbling at the work put upon them as vigorously as the students on account of the slow service.

The matter was agitated in the waiters' quarters, and the majority decided upon a strike.

VICTORY FOR CHURCH
IN THE CUBAN SENATE

HAVANA, April 30.—A bill having for its object the prohibiting of priests and other religious functionaries from wearing their robes of office on the streets and preventing people engaged in street religious demonstrations has been defeated in the senate.

WOMAN AT 72 YEARS
FACES PRISON TERM

DETROIT, Mich., April 30.—The trial of Mrs. Clarissa M. Rice, charged with having received \$1,000 of the proceeds of the robbery of the old National Bank of Grand Rapids, has been found guilty. She is about seventy-two years old and her son is now serving a five-year sentence for the robbery.

TO GIVE FINALITY TO UNION STATION PLANS

District Commissioners to Decide This
Week on Shape of Plaza and Dis-
position of Streets.

The shape of the plaza and the disposition of the streets leading into it will be finally decided by the District Commissioners probably during the early part of the week.

Engineer Commissioner Biddle is ready, it is understood, to submit his latest suggestions to the Board of District Commissioners in the matter. Many consultations have been held between the District engineers and Pierce Anderson, supervising architect of the Union Station, relative to the plaza. It is understood a conclusion has been reached. Mr. Anderson's last consultation with the Engineer Department was the first part of last week.

REPRESENTATIVE JACKSON
RETIRE FROM THE FIELD

BALTIMORE, Md., April 30.—It is reported that Representative Jackson, of the First, or Eastern Shore, district, will not be a candidate for re-nomination. His political friends are much perturbed, because he is the strongest man on the Shore for the Republican to nominate. He is now at Atlantic City.



When You Buy, Buy Well, Buy Best—==
BUY P.=B. CLOTHING

Every argument of advantage, of desirability, of value, of fashion, fit, and service directs you to P.-B. Clothing. You don't see workmanship in other garments like that in the P.-B. Clothing. You don't see such grace, you don't see such fit. We've got the right Clothing for you because we employ the right people to make it, and have facilities for getting the right materials to put into the garments.

As to price, you men wouldn't think of paying less than \$12 for a Suit of Clothes or less than \$15 for a Top-Coat. We can sell you garments that low. Wouldn't you rather get them of us if we can demonstrate that it is to your best advantage to do so? We think so. Give us the chance.

The range of prices here anticipates the wants of every man. While we sell you Men's Suits as low as \$12, we sell them as high as \$35. While the Top-Coats start at \$15, they range up to \$35. And the Youths' Clothing is as low as \$10 and as high as \$20.

OXFORDS FOR MEN, \$3.50 to \$7.00.
HATS FOR MEN, \$2.00 to \$6.00.

The constant ambition of buyers is to get something better than they have been getting, and they realize that ambition in the footwear shown here. P.-B. Footwear reaches the very limit of high art boot-making. We've brought out many new lasts this season—among them the Stag, and it has been a winner from the first. Worth seeing.

Parker, Bridget & Co.,
Head-to-Foot Outfitters. Ninth and the Avenue.